

## Boarders and Roomers, Rooms and Board, Can Be Gotten Through Post-Dispatch Wants.

### TURKS URGED TO REBEL.

CONSTANTINOPLE IS COVERED  
WITH PLACARDS.

FOREIGN WARSHIPS READY.

Armenians Are Deported to the Black  
Sea and, Presumably,  
Drowned There.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—A dispatch to the Herald from London says:  
The Standard published a dispatch from Constantinople, saying that the Young Turk party is covering the city with placards inciting the people to dethrone the Sultan. Serious trouble, it is added, is certain to occur within a week. Turkish troops are being ordered to the Black Sea, where, it is believed, they are to be drowned.  
The British residents, at the instance of the British Embassy, have telegraphed to Lord Salisbury, stating that their lives and property are in danger. The French residents have taken similar action. British and French fleets are now near the mouth of the Dardanelles.  
Fuat Pasha, one of the Sultan's aide-de-camps, was questioned as to how long the forts along the Dardanelles could check the passage of the war-ships, and he replied that they could stop them for almost half an hour.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16.—The Bancroft sailed from Tomkinsville Tuesday, bound for Gibraltar. She probably will touch at Fayal, Azores, en route, to take on a supply of coal. At the Navy Department it is said her orders are simply to report to Admiral Selfridge at Gibraltar. The Admiral will direct the further movements of the ship. It is not admitted that the Bancroft is going to Constantinople, but it is not doubted that she is intended as a refuge for American citizens in case of an outbreak that might jeopardize their safety.  
The Cincinnati is rapidly making ready to follow the Bancroft into Turkish waters, carrying relief crews for the vessels now on station and relieving the Marlehead, which will come home.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 16.—The guard of Turkish troops, on duty at the Yildiz palace, composed of four battalions of Albanians, was forcibly dispersed last evening in the presence of a large body of troops, and was replaced by five Seraskier battalions.  
Owing to the Turkish Government's communication to the embassies of the powers, in regard to rumors of another Armenian outbreak, the embassies here-to-day deputed the foreign consuls to authorize the police to enter the houses when necessary and arrest Armenians throwing bombs or shooting therefrom.  
The offer of the Turkish Government to furnish the embassies with guards has been declined, the foreign officials preferring to rely upon the guards of blue jackets from the warships of the Powers.  
Since the issuing of the Hynchakist circular, 8,000 Armenians have been arrested and the exodus of Armenians continues.  
The Turkish officials declare that they have discovered the Hynchakist bomb and dynamite in the Haidjoglu quarter.  
It is declared in high quarters that a Mussulman movement is afoot against the Sultan, and military measures on an extensive scale have been adopted.

### NEW DREIBUND PROPOSED.

To Consist of Great Britain, the United States and Italy.  
LONDON, Sept. 16.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon publishes a leading editorial headed, "A New Triple Alliance."  
In the course of its remarks on the subject, the St. James Gazette points out the menacing tone of the Continental semi-official press on the subject of Turkey, and says: "We are openly threatened with joint, hostile European action if we interfere (in Turkey) against the will of the Powers. But there is one combination which British statesmanship might effect. Two States which have little to gain from Russia could act with us and end the tension. The United States and Italy are both understood to be friendly to Russia. Nevertheless, neither is yet too deeply involved to be able to assume an independent attitude under British inspiration."  
"Why should not England, the United States and Italy form a new Dreibund? Alone of the nations of the earth, the people of the United States can understand the impulse which would drive Englishmen to war in order to suppress tyranny or rescue the oppressed. Plenty of Americans would regard with enthusiasm the spectacle of the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes floating side by side in the Bosphorus, to back up their joint demand."  
The paper points out that Italy is ready to join England in this matter if invited. The article concludes: "It might be expected that the Russian combination will go to pieces at the mere aspect of this genuine league of peace, and the new Dreibund might lead to a fresh grouping of the powers and the delivery of Europe both from Turkish misrule and the dangerous threat to Russia into which it is sinking."

ROY FROST'S SUICIDE.  
An Eight-Year-Old Boy Kills Himself Near Maryville.  
Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
MARYVILLE, Mo., Sept. 16.—Roy Frost, aged 8 years, committed suicide with a 22-caliber revolver. No cause is known. His parents were camping near town when the suicide occurred. Some persons think it was an accident.

### PARTY LINES DOWN IN ILLINOIS.

A Real and Wide Split in the Republican Party Where  
It Was Heretofore Strongest.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Mr. Henry George writes from Chicago in this morning's Journal of the political situation in Illinois. The single tax advocate says, in part:  
"The impression one gets of what is to be the result in this State depends on the side to which he listens. As never before, politicians are at sea. Party affiliations cannot safely be counted on, and the intensity of feeling makes canvassing uncertain."  
"I should think, from what I hear, that the State, if the election were to come off now, would be likely to go for Bryan, and that the doubtful point is Cook County; though, if the badness of a local ticket is evidence of the confidence that local politicians have in its election, the Chicago local ticket is said to be bad enough to evince the greatest Democratic certainty. Democrats and Populists have nominated separate tickets."  
"In the breaking down of party lines, the Republican party is undoubtedly losing most heavily in the agricultural districts, the Democrats in the cities. There is a real and a wide split in the Republican party, where its strength was most solid. The silver propaganda had been going on long before it captured the Chicago convention, and the promise of higher prices from free silver is proving much more tempting to the farmers than the ancient bait of higher prices from protection. One hears of Republican silver clubs in all directions, and of Republican localities where they will not listen with patience to a gold orator."  
"The Democratic defections are, of course, of the wealthier class, comparatively small in numbers, but of weighty influence. And the influence of this wealthier class is being clearly shown in Chicago in outward manifestations of political feeling."

### QUAY DOWNED.

The Opposition to the Boss Won at Philadelphia.  
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 16.—Republican Congressional, Senatorial, Representative and County Conventions were held in this city to-day and the hardest contest in the history of the party in Philadelphia resulted. The fight between the Quay and the anti-Quay forces has been waged for months past, and the opposing factions "lined up" in the Sheriff's Convention, where the anti-Quay or "Administration" faction won, nominating James L. Miles by 67 votes against Alex. Crowe, Jr., the leader of the Quays, who received 160 votes. There was much confusion and excitement in the convention and it was necessary to call in the police to preserve order.  
The Republicans of this city made the following Congressional nominations to-day:  
First District—Henry H. Bingham.  
Second District—Robert Adams, Jr.  
Third District—J. Frederick Haultman.  
Fourth District—James Rankin Young.  
Fifth District—Alfred C. Harmer.  
In all but the Fourth District the nominees are members of the present Congress. Representative Reburn of the Fourth was opposed by Quay, with the result that Young received the nomination.

### MISSOURI METHODISTS.

Rev. W. J. Carpenter Cleared by the  
Southwest Conference.  
Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
NEVADA, Mo., Sept. 16.—The Southwest Missouri annual conference of the M. E. Church, South, convened here a 9 o'clock this morning. About 250 ministers and delegates are in attendance. The conference is

presided over by Bishop Galloway of Mississippi.  
In October last Rev. W. J. Carpenter, pastor of the church here, and one of the leading divines of the M. E. Church South, was arrested, charged with immoral conduct with one Rosa Shouse. The arrest created a great sensation at the time. The charges against Rev. Carpenter were investigated by Rev. C. H. Briggs, W. T. McCune and Clinton Clenny, presiding elders of the M. E. Church. He was fully exonerated at the time.  
He went from here to Orlando, Fla., but returned to stand trial in conference. By a vote of 83 to 33 this morning the Southwest Missouri Conference decided to accept the findings of the committee and not reopen the case, thus exonerating Rev. Carpenter from all guilt preferred against him in the charges passed on by the committee.

### REV. YOUNG DROPS DEAD.

He Was President of Centre College at  
Danville, Ky.  
Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
DANVILLE, Ky., Sept. 16.—Rev. William C. Young, President of Centre College, C. Young, President of Centre College, dropped dead at the institution, this morning, just after concluding an address to the students.

A California Minister Who Believes It Is Right to Put to Death the Incurably Sick and Diseased.  
This astonishing doctrine is seriously advocated and is being vigorously defended by the Rev. Charles W. Wendte, President of the H. M. Society of Oakland, Cal. He believes the world would be rid of much misery if these hopeless sufferers were killed. All incurables, according to this amazing proposition, which has stirred up a tempest of discussion, should be judged by a properly constituted court, and, if found guilty, sentenced to death and executed.



He Caught a Minnow, but It Took Pretty Expensive Bait.

### A ZULU CHIEF HOD CARRIER.

HE WORKS ON J. M. CARPENTER'S  
NEW OLIVE STREET BUILDING.  
AN ABNORMALLY THICK SKULL.

Charles Marshall is His Name and He  
Is Proud of the Fact That His  
Father Wore Rings in His Nose.  
Charles Marshall is the name worn by a Zulu hodcarrier now at work on J. M. Carpenter's new building, at 515 Olive street. Zulu hodcarriers are not met with every day, even in a cosmopolitan city like St. Louis, but Marshall is not only a genuine Zulu, but an extraordinary Zulu at that. He not only can speak about a dozen different languages, but he boasts of wearing the toughest and thickest skull in St. Louis. He was soon in mauling a ladder struck the merrier he became, and a crowd gathered on the opposite side of the street to witness the strange sport until policemen made them move on.  
Finally half of a brick, such as is used on the face of some buildings, struck Marshall on his head and bounded off. It had fallen nearly 20 feet, but it did not stagger Marshall. It made a hollow sound as it struck that could be plainly heard across the street.  
A policeman put an end to the rude frolic and it was then noticed that Marshall was bleeding. The brick had struck on one of its edges and had severed a small vein. Marshall washed off the blood in a bucket, applied a chew of tobacco to the cut for the purpose, he said, of stopping the blood and returned to his work as if nothing had happened. He was soon climbing a ladder with a hod full of bricks and the police had to again scatter the curious crowd.  
Contractor Tom Lyons said he heard the brick strike Marshall's head from a building across the street.  
Marshall is a wonderfully tough skinned man, he said, for such a blow would have killed an ordinary man.  
Marshall came to St. Louis four years ago from New York, and for three years has been employed by Brick Contractor W. L. Denham.  
Marshall has a wonderfully tough skull, said Mr. Denham, "but he came very near setting it too far that time. In many respects he is a remarkable man. He was for years a body servant of a traveling railroad contractor, with whom he traveled throughout Europe and the Orient, where he was engaged in building railroads. It was an easy thing for him to pick up the languages of the country through which he traveled, and he can now speak them all in his broken fashion, among them French, Spanish and Italian. He says his father was a Zulu Chief, and I am convinced it is true."  
Marshall is 27 years of age. He is tall and muscular, and speaks English with a peculiar accent that is difficult to imitate, so that his words can sometimes scarcely be understood.

### DIED IN HIS BUGGY.

Sudden Taking Off of Timothy Ma-  
loney, a Contractor.  
Timothy Maloney, well-known contractor, died suddenly Wednesday morning while driving along Market street in his buggy. When he reached the corner of Twenty-first and Market streets he was observed to sway sideways suddenly, and then collapse entirely. Some bystanders and Officer McMahon rushed to his assistance, but by the time they reached him he was breathing his last.  
An ambulance was summoned and the

### NOT ON AUTHORITY.

Mr. Collins Stated His Own Opinion  
About Sewall and Did Not Speak  
for Senator Jones.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 16.—Relative to the statement printed in the Globe-Democrat that Vice-Presidential Candidate Sewall would be withdrawn and Chief Justice Clark of North Carolina substituted, Mr. C. B. Collins, stated to the Post-Dispatch correspondent at noon to-day, that he made the statement upon his own motion, and that he was not authorized to do so by Senator Jones or any other member of the Democratic National Committee. He says he believes that Chief Justice Clark would be the Vice-Presidential candidate, and in that event Watson would withdraw, and the entire Populist vote would be centered on Bryan and Clark. He said in order to make an explanation it would be necessary for him to go into a lengthy review of what took place in Chicago and the events following the convention.

### WAR ON MICROBES.

Idiocy of the Indiana Board of Health  
Applied to the Public Schools  
of the Hoosier State.  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 16.—The Indiana State Board of Health has caught the microbes fever, and has issued a set of rules to govern the public and private schools of the State, which will, if enforced, turn the schools topsy turvy. Under these rules the slate and slate pencil of yore will go instead must be paper pads and lead pencils. Lead pencils and pens and desks must be disinfected every day. The floors, windows and woodwork of the schools must be scrubbed every day with disinfectants. Banisters and tops of tables must be treated with a disinfectant once a week. No unwashed boy or girl must be admitted. Open water buckets for drinking are forbidden. The water must be drawn from a faucet and a small cup used.  
A general anathema is pronounced against all children who "whoop" or otherwise cough, who have sore mouths, or who exhibit cutaneous evidence of disease. The action of the board has created a sensation in school circles. It is not believed the orders will be obeyed.

### BIMETALLISM.

The Points of Difference Between the Two  
Platforms of 1896.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.  
We are therefore opposed to the free coinage of silver EXCEPT BY INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and UNTIL such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.  
WE DEMAND the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, WITHOUT WAITING FOR THE AID OR CONSENT OF ANY OTHER NATION. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private.

### FUSION EFFECTED IN NEW YORK.

THE DEMOCRATS AND POPULISTS  
MAKE SATISFACTORY TERMS.

THE BUFFALO CONVENTION.

Temporary Chairman Grady Makes a  
Stinging Denunciation of  
Sham Democracy.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Fusion of the Populist and Democratic parties in New York State is the important result of a conference between representatives of the two parties.  
For active support of the ticket to be named by the Democratic State Convention, the Populists will be given five representatives upon the electoral college, and two Congressmen. The conference to-day was not a lengthy one as the matter has been fully discussed previously. The Populists claim that they can swing the electoral vote of this State either way, and are sure that their union with the Democratic party will result in Bryan and Sewall carrying New York State by a large majority.  
Elliott Danforth, who was present at the conference, says that the agreement (which the Populists claim has been practically arranged) would have to be referred to the full State Convention before it becomes effective, and that body may or may not agree to the terms demanded by the Populists. He said further that he would be at a further conference this afternoon. J. C. Sheerin, in speaking of the subject, says that the Populists must have maintained the outcome of the conference, as it was not definitely decided that there would be fusion on the terms specified. He, however, tacitly admitted that fusion with the Populists was quite possible.

### NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

Chairman Grady Denounces Sham  
Democracy in Strong Terms.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 16.—It was 12:30 o'clock when Chairman Hildreth rapped the Democratic State Convention to order and announced that the State Committee had selected State Senator Thomas Grady for temporary chairman. Mr. Grady addressed the convention on a period of about twenty minutes. In beginning he said:  
"As loyal representatives of Democratic constituencies, you have assembled to declare your faith in Democratic principles, your respect for Democratic authority, and your confidence in Democratic action. In this respect you differ from some who were for many years associated with you, and who are now leagued with your political opponents denouncing Democratic principles, defying Democratic authority and aiming, in so far as they may, to defeat the Democratic candidates."  
"It is," the speaker continued, "sham Democracy which submits to the will of the majority only when no selfish interest is affected or sacrificed by so doing. It is a sham Democracy which sets up the opinions of the few as entitled to count, because of the wealth or culture or pedigree of those by whom such opinions are uttered. It is a sham Democracy which has for its purpose the undue enrichment of the man who relies for support upon the money he earns for him, and the consequent unjust impoverishment of the citizen who depends upon what his labor may earn."  
"We seek the destruction of the illegal and oppressive trusts, through which production is limited and prices to the consumer are exorbitantly enhanced. But in the destruction of the trusts we will restore to the producer that free field and open competition which guarantees to him a fair return for his labor, and we will restore to the consumer that free market to which he is entitled by the natural laws of supply and demand, wherein he may purchase his necessities at a fair and honest price."  
"We would not dissipate, disturb or render less secure the capital of the representative labor, intelligence, thrift or fortune. We would give to it the highest protection of the law and find in it an incentive for every toiler to work and save. Neither would we attack the enormous accumulations of money which represent neither labor nor intelligence, nor thrift nor fortune, except in the sense that those who have been enriched thereby have been, by one governmental favor or the other, permitted to exact tribute from the people by levying against them a taxing power which should never have been exercised in the form of the methods which they have employed. We would, however, put an end to that system of accumulation and for the accomplishment of such purpose all that is necessary is to have the opportunity for individual advancement increased and that for corporate extension diminished."  
"We are opposed to the service reform as now interpreted and enforced, under which, while pretending to prescribe no other test than that of merit, the present application exacts a collegiate and technical education as a requisite for employment in the public service. We recognize the fact that a vast majority of the country are now compelled to live in poverty, and we insist that honesty of education, and the ability to discharge the duties of the position for which they apply, or to which they may be appointed, shall be the only test of fitness to which they shall be required to submit."

After a brief reference to State issues, Mr. Grady spoke of Bryan and Sewall as candidates of stainless character, commanding abilities, a knowledge of the people and a devotion to the people's cause. He said, "may safely be trusted to them. No pledges given by them to our people can be faithfully redeemed." In conclusion, Mr. Grady said:  
"I do not say but deem it to be a continuance for four more years of existing conditions, with their injustice to labor and their privileges to wealth accumulated and increased. Victory will realize for us the blessings and advantages of a people's government under which the public welfare is the highest law."







**A. MOLL GROCER CO.**  
614, 616 and 618 FRANKLIN AV.

**OFFER FOR THIS WEEK ONLY**  **THIS SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE LIST**

**Of Fine Selected Groceries at Unusually Low Prices:**

<b>READ HERE!</b>	Finest Elgin Creamery Butter, per pound	<b>18c</b>
	500 Choice Sugar Cured Hams, per pound	<b>10c</b>
	Best Kettle Rendered Lard, per pound	<b>5c</b>
	American Sardines, Select Brand, per can	<b>3c</b>
	2 pounds of Roast Santos Coffee for	<b>32c</b>
	Malt Nutrine, Anheuser-Busch, per bottle	<b>18c</b>
	Quart Bottle of 4-Year-Old Brandy, per bottle	<b>50c</b>
	Bob Pepper Bourbon, The Old Original, 4 years old, per gallon	<b>\$2.00</b>

# CAKES AND CRACKERS.

Also a variety of other  
Cakes at Correspondingly Low Prices.

Soda Crackers, new and fresh, per pound	3c
Ginger Snaps, new and fresh, per pound	4c
Fancy Mixed Cakes, new and fresh, per lb.	5c
Niccans, new and fresh, per pound	5c
Crystal Coffee Cakes, new and fresh, per lb.	6c
Sultana Fruit Biscuits, new and fresh, per lb.	7c
Chocolate Balls, new and fresh, per lb.	10c
Cocoanut Taffy Bars, new and fresh, lb.	10c

COME EARLY. FOLLOW THE CROWDS TO  
**A. MOLL GROCER Co.**  
 CATALOGUE MAILED ON APPLICATION.  
**SOLE AGENTS** FOR KNEIPP'S MALT COFFEE, BE-NO TEA,  
 AND THE CELEBRATED MEXICAN PULQUE BITTERS.

**PITTSBURG CRUSHED COKE**

A large circular logo with a thick black border. Inside the circle, the text "Furnace Size" is at the top, "\$4.00" is in the center in a large font, and "PER TON" is below it. At the bottom of the circle, it says "Stove Size \$4.50" and "PER TON". The background of the entire advertisement is a dark, textured surface with several diagonal lines crossing through it, creating a grid-like pattern.

**Furnace Size**

**\$4.00**

**PER TON**

**Stove Size \$4.50**

**PER TON**

**One Ton of Our  
Coke Will Last as  
Long as One Ton  
of Hard Coal.**

**Cleaner and  
Better Than Hard  
Coal, One-  
Third Cheaper.**

**DEVOY & FEUERBORN**  
COAL AND OKE CO., 315 N. SEVENTH ST. Telephone 873.

## CAMPAIGNING IN

**SWEET STYLE.**

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**EQUIPMENT OF A BOLTOCRAT  
STUMP SPEAKER.**

**SAWHAMMERS AND LINGERIE.**

Debonnair Col. Tansey Will Let

**No Man Go on the Hustings Unprepared.**

J. D. Parkinson and T. A. Whitten—Nevada  
Sept. 16; Lamar, Sept. 17; Golden City, Sept.  
17, 2 p. m.; Webb City, Sept. 18, 1 p. m.;  
Carthage, Sept. 18, 7:30 p. m.; Searsville,  
Sept. 19, 2 p. m.; Joplin, Sept. 19, 7:30 p. m.

It will be noticed that none of the meetings are scheduled for a morning hour. They are either directly after "1 o'clock luncheon" or "3 o'clock dinner."

Later "after tea" speakers will be put in the field.

Col. Tansey is even now working out schedule for this new departure.

Married women and single women, a girls of all ages sought work through 1, "Situations Wanted" ads in Post-Dispatch wants during August, 44 per cent more than last year. Such a gain as this is proof enough of the efficacy of Post-Dispatch

Col. Tansey assumed charge of the street bureau of spellbinders, he has made several changes of importance, and added features which will no doubt excite the wildest enthusiasm of the horny-handed coupon clippers and mortgaged hold-

who constitute the rank and file of the good Stud Brigade.

Under Col. Tansey's direction every "speller" who starts out from the Wall street quarters in the Rialto to talk the single standard to the down-trodden millions of Missouri, who have bolted the Democratic ticket must carry in his arms these

festivities.

The fall festivities at Belleville are now in full blast and unless bad weather interferes the successes of other years will be eclipsed in every way.

There was an immense crowd on the public square Tuesday night for the first pro-

the business suit for afternoon meetings, the swallow tail coat and low cut vest for evening meetings.

The single gold standard speech, with King Hanna's "O. K." on the title page, the railroad pass, kindly supplied by the railroad, and the gold watch, which was the only one of its kind in the surrounding country. There were over 100

corporations of Missouri, good over  
the Pullman car pass furnished by "Sir"  
George W. Pullman of Pullman, Ill.  
a dozen suits of "lingerie,"  
a dozen dress shirts and toilet articles  
and a "well-binder" who applies for a  
promenade concert and more fireworks.

**There's no help wanted**  
from soap or anything else, when you use

**Pearline.** Pearline and water—all alone by themselves—that's everything you need for the best, the easiest, the safest, the most economical washing and cleaning. What

**PEARLINE** help can soap add to it? You might just as well get a horse to help a locomotive. Anything that soap can do, Pearlina can do better—and make a great deal more besides.

**Send it Back** Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as" Pearlina. IT'S FALSE—Pearlina is never peddled, and if your grocer

sends you something in place of Franklin.  
be honest — send it back. — GM

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**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.**  
BY CARRIER, ST. LOUIS AND SUBURBS  
Daily and Sunday—Per Week.....10 Cents  
Daily and Sunday—Per Month.....30 Cents  
Daily and Sunday—Per Quarter.....80 Cents  
Daily and Sunday—Per Six Months.....\$1.50  
Daily and Sunday—Per Year.....\$2.50  
BY MAIL—IN ADVANCE.  
Daily and Sunday—Per Week.....10 Cents  
Daily and Sunday—Per Month.....30 Cents  
Daily and Sunday—Per Quarter.....80 Cents  
Daily and Sunday—Per Six Months.....\$1.50  
Daily and Sunday—Per Year.....\$2.50  
Weekly—One Year.....50 Cents

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**THE ACTUAL BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION OF THE POST-DISPATCH IN THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS, EAST ST. LOUIS AND IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT SUBURBS IS DOUBLE THAT OF THE GLOBE-DEMOCRAT OR REPUBLICAN AND EQUALS THE TWO COMBINED. OUR BOOKS ARE OPEN TO PROVE THIS AT ANY TIME.**

**"WE ARE OPPOSED TO THE FREE COINAGE OF SILVER. . . . THE EXISTING GOLD STANDARD MUST BE PRESERVED."—Republican Platform.**

# SENATOR BLACKBURN AND THE JEWS.

The Post-Dispatch is in receipt of the following letter, written by a well-known Jewish citizen of St. Louis:

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:  
Will you kindly insert the remark used by Senator Blackburn at the Auditorium Saturday evening when speaking about the bankers of New York conspiring against the Government? An impression prevails that he has cast a slur on the Jewish people. Respectfully yours,  
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 15.

The editor of the Post-Dispatch sat on the platform at the Auditorium, within a few feet of Senator Blackburn when he was speaking. He distinctly remembers what Senator Blackburn said. It was this, in substance, if not in the precise words: "Who are the men whose names constantly appear in the reports of the exportation and importation of gold? Who are the most conspicuous members of the syndicate that has been running the finances of this Government? I find the names constantly repeated of representatives of foreign firms—Goldman, Sachs, Warburg, Lazard and Wertheimer—names that the average American citizen can hardly pronounce."  
It was perfectly plain that Senator Blackburn was casting no slur upon his Jewish fellow-citizens. His argument was directed against foreign control of the United States, and he used these names, which are constantly appearing in the dispatches, to emphasize his point. Only one of the four gentlemen whose names were mentioned is a Jew. So the attempt to make political capital through an appeal to race prejudice fails.

# DOWN THEY GO AGAIN.

Following the Arkansas election there was a rally in the prices of farm products which led many to expect that the long looked for reaction had come. Immediately after the gold standard victory in Vermont there had been a boom in the prices of Wall Street securities and a heavy drop in the prices of farm products. Following the Wall Street victory in Arkansas, however, there were advances in the prices of wheat, corn, oats and cotton, and these continued from day to day until dealers began to hope that a permanent improvement was at hand.  
The gold standard victory in Maine has once more knocked the bottom out of farm prices. The Globe-Democrat market reports for Tuesday, the day following the election, show these conditions: "Wheat again slow and uninteresting, while prices ruled lower throughout." "Corn very dull and closed 1/2 and 3/4 lower." "Oats again stagnant, no sales and nominally lower." "Provisions slow and slightly lower." "Hogs—The market was slow, with prices slightly lower." "Sheep—The general market was slow and 10c lower."  
Which proves again that as gold goes up prices go down.

# NO OFFICIAL ARISTOCRACY.

It is stated in connection with the proposed revision of the St. Louis city charter that the heads of departments are agreed upon the necessity of shorter hours for office employees. They propose to make the workday of all office employees of the city include only the seven hours between 9 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
It is such immunities and privileges as these, which officialdom demands and receives, that emphasize the public protest against life tenure in office. There is no reason why men doing office work in public office should be any more capable or responsible than those in private employment, should get more money for fewer hours than others not on the public pay roll. They constitute a privileged

class and the people tolerate such a condition only with the understanding that such class shall be open to competition and not set aside as the permanent monopoly of a few men.

Any man of discretion can see that the tendency now is, or very soon will be, to make public officials do more work for the money they get. Taxes and fixed public charges of all sorts must be reduced, and not working hours. But if working hours are to be reduced in any department, why not in all? If in the offices, why not in the police force, in the street cleaning brigade, and in every branch of the municipal service where real workmen are employed?

We want no official aristocracy.

# MAINE AND VERMONT WERE REPUBLICAN BY BIG MAJORITIES IN THE ELECTIONS OF 1892, BUT HARRISON WAS BEATEN FOR PRESIDENT IN THE FOLLOWING NOVEMBER BY A TREMENDOUS MAJORITY OF BOTH THE ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTE.

When the annual profits of a single trust—the Pennsylvania Anthracite Trust, whose agent has been nominated as the Republican candidate for Vice-President—amount to more than those of all the gold mines in the United States, it is not hard to understand why the Wall Street plutocracy and its agents insist that objections to government by injunction are "more reasonable than secession."

This trust is operating in flagrant defiance of the laws of the United States, laws which Attorney General Harmon, official trust agent, refuses to enforce.

Like the operators of the Standard Oil Trust and others of the worst monopolies in the country, the managers of the Anthracite Trust are also the managers and directors of railroads.

To protect them in their lawlessness, to guarantee the permanence of the command of capital, they demand that authority to administer the Government shall be taken from the people and lodged in the United States courts, vested with arbitrary power to suspend trial by jury, to exercise executive as well as judicial functions and ready at all times to fill the jails with citizens who, without trial and without presentment for any other crime than "contempt," can be held in prison as long as the agent of plutocracy on the bench chooses.

If it is treason to declare that such advocates and servants of plutocratic lawlessness and corruption are not greater sinners than the people and higher than the law, then Democrats are traitors. If it shows sympathy with rebellion to declare that trial by jury shall not be abolished and that government under the Constitution shall not be overthrown to make room for government by injunction, then the people are rebel sympathizers. But these are not times in which the people can be intimidated by abuse, whether it proceeds from the headquarters of lawless monopoly and fraudulent stock watering in Wall Street or from Wall Street agents and sympathizers in Washington.

# HOW GOLD WAS MADE KING.

The letter referred to by Hon. Chaas. P. Johnson in his address at the Auditorium Saturday night is one of the most important contributions to the literature of this campaign. It was written to Mr. Johnson by George C. Gorham, a Republican of the "Stalwart" wing of the party in the days of Grant and Conkling, and for years an active member of the National Republican Committee.

Mr. Gorham was Secretary of the United States Senate from 1887 to 1879. He held that position when the "crime of 1873" was committed. He knows whereof he speaks and his story can neither be impeached nor rebutted. He sets out in detail the successive steps by which silver was demonetized, proving every assertion he makes by quotation from the Congressional Record.

Mr. Gorham makes a much stronger statement of the case by pointing out that Senator Sherman had, before 1873, made two unsuccessful attempts to demonetize silver, both of which were defeated because their purpose was understood.

The first of these was Senate bill 217, introduced by Sherman in March, 1873. It proposed to discontinue the coinage of the silver dollar. The successful opposition to this measure was led by the great merchant-Senator Edwin D. Morgan of New York, and Mr. Gorham quotes from the Congressional Record some words of Senator Morgan as applicable now as they were then. The New York Senator said:

"We have a distinctive American policy to work out—sufficiently free from the traditions of Europe to be suited to our peculiar situation, and the genius of our enterprising countrymen."  
Senator Sherman's second unsuccessful attempt to demonetize silver was Senate bill 383, introduced April 26, 1870. The demonetization clause was so carefully concealed that it passed the Senate, but was defeated in the House. Then, after three years, came a bill to revise and codify the Treasury laws. However, he has always been a strict Francophile. Many of his old Missouri friends have good reasons to be disgusted with his wobbly course in politics.

bing the Treasury and the people—no said, in a speech: "It is always difficult to make an argument about the Eighth Commandment. When I am asked, 'Thou shalt not steal,' and another replies by asking, 'Why not?' really the best thing to do is simply to repeat the commandment."

Shall the mine be closed and national banks, controlled from London and Wall Street, be put in charge of the Treasury and of the currency? Shall State government and the rights of the people to local self-government, be subjected to government by injunction and Wall Street millitary imperialism?—these are the two issues on which will be elected the President of the United States. Will he be elected? And his name is William Jennings Bryan.

Ex-Congressman Bishop of Connecticut, "Cleveland Democrat," says that "any Old Line Democrat who wants to defeat Bryan can do more to bring it about by voting for McKinley than for Palmer." Certainly he can and certainly he will do it if he has his common sense left after parting with his Democracy.

If Senator Sherman did not get at least half of his great fortune for his services in the International Gold Ring in getting the demonetization act of 1873 on the statute book without the knowledge of Congress or of the American people, he was ridiculously underpaid.

"Bryan has been talking to acres of people," says a morning gold organ; and then it wonders why an alleged Democratic paper, where this mass was, does not support him. This is quite clear. It is easier to bribe a newspaper than to buy an acre of voters.

"Earnings of this railroad depend upon the amount of money in circulation among the people," wrote President Houch in reply to a yellow circular. What a pity it is that some other railroad officials lack the common sense of President Houch.

The Wall Street banks, the agents of the Rothschilds, the Whittys, the Coals Oil Trust—these are the supporters of the Third Party decoy duck ticket. And all are for McKinley.

If the Chicago banks were honestly assessed for taxation, and honestly paid their taxes at gold rates, what a lot of town the Windy would be and how rapidly her corn fields would fill up.

It seems that Reed's majority is less than that of any of the other gold candidates for Congress in Maine. Did some of the spellbinders quote his yellow-and-white utterance against him?

If Mr. McKinley were to win, he would not be a Republican in the Cabinet or in any other place of honor. However the election goes, the Hessians will be left wallowing in the mud.

Nothing helps business more than a conspicuous advertisement. In a paper with a circulation so large and substantial as that of the Post-Dispatch has been shown to be.

When Mr. McKinley received his recent acrobatic political performance must have been recalled by him.

Cow-corned Lehman ought to know, by experience and observation, that the tail will go with the hide.

If Mark Hanna is playing Ed Butler for a lucky horseshoe he will find he will have to pay for it. Butler makes horseshoes for money.

It is not every man wearing a McKinley button who will vote for Mr. McKinley. The bulldozer is abroad in the land.

"It's the whole State against Louisville," says Col. Dick Wintersmith of Kentucky. And Louisville will go down.

People who want money enough to carry on business are not likely to be put off with a promise of increasing taxes.

Secretary Carlisle has sold his country to Wall Street. What are his speeches in Kentucky amount to?

Jim Campbell's remorse over his silver record is the saddest feature of the campaign.

The increased yellow majority in Maine will not be worth the money it cost.

Texas is too large a State for even Mark Hanna to buy.

# DISGUISED WITH FRANCES.

From the Nevada (Mo.) Mail.  
About the time of the Chicago Convention ex-Gov. Francis declared himself to be a Democrat. Since then Gov. Francis has been in place in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet. This produced a change of heart for Mr. Francis and he now declares for that old chief of bolters, Mr. Palmer. It has been a long time since Francis was much of a Democrat. However, he has always been a strict Francophile. Many of his old Missouri friends have good reasons to be disgusted with his wobbly course in politics.

Begin in the Port of Chicago.  
From the Chicago Chronicle.  
The reappearance of civil service reform in the administration just now, with the removal in each State of a few Federal office-holders on the ascertained ground of pernicious activity as an object lesson to the list in the blue book generally, would do as much for Ferguson now as was done for Democracy two years ago.

The Honeymoon is Over.  
From the Cincinnati Enquirer.  
"No one comes to see me," said she, "because, like they did before I was married."

"Speaking of that fact," said he, "I used to call on you seven evenings in the week at that time. But I am as bad off as you. I now have nowhere to go."

Wit Behind the Scenes.  
From the Philadelphia Record.  
Soubrette: My goodness, but it's warm. Comedian: Well, you're not using that new song you have? Soubrette: What? Comedian: So as we can catch the air.

Poetry.  
Like summer-seeking birds that cross the skies  
In mid-high flocks, ten thousands poise  
Athwart the vault of thought; and upward  
My arrowed pen, and fells—one tiny,  
wounded, trembling thing.  
PHILIP VERRILL MICHAELS.

# WELL-KNOWN ST. LOUISAN.



**Joseph A. Duffy.**  
Joseph A. Duffy, the real estate man, was born in this city in 1838, and was educated here. He went into his present line of business in 1860. He is connected with a number of public and private interests and financial institutions.

# MEN OF MARK.

Mr. Gladstone, after witnessing "The Sign of the Cross" wrote to Mr. Wilson Barrett congratulating him on the qualities of the piece.

Gen. Bartholomew Mitre, ex-President of the Argentine Republic, is now engaged upon a monumental history of his country, which will reveal many secrets of Spanish-American history.

The Syracuse Courier says that Daniel Spraker of Fond du Lac, Wis., who died the other day at the age of 96, was the oldest man in the United States. He retained his faculties unimpaired to the last.

Prof. C. P. Wilcox of the Chair of Modern Languages in the University of Georgia, who has just died in his 74th year, was regarded as one of the most scholarly men in Georgia. He was a graduate of Yale, had studied extensively in Europe, and spoke several languages.

Sir Jacobus de Wet, the British Agent at Pretoria, is a now famous telegram expressed his willingness to "retire in favor of an Englishman" if a pension were given him. He got the pension, retired, and Mr. W. C. Greene has been sent to fill the now important position. But the new Englishman turns out to be an Irishman.

# WOMEN OF NOTE.

Louise Imogene Guiney and Stephen Crane are becoming known in France through recent translations.

Mrs. Stowe found the winter a bad season which to write. "Cold weather," she said, "really seems to torify my brain. I write with a heavy numbness. For writing some parts I want warm weather, and not to be in a state of a froze and thawed apple."

Agnes Engel, the President of the German League for the Prevention of the Killing of Birds for Decorative Purposes, delivered a lecture at the international congress at Perth, and pointed out the wanton destruction of birds to gratify modes of the moment.

Miss Jane Harrison, the Englishwoman who is said to be the first woman to have received the degree of LL.D. honoris causa, has broken another record in being elected a member of the Archaeological Society of Berlin, in spite of strenuous opposition to the innovation.

The Duchess of Marlborough has had her miniature painted, showing simply a delicate drapery of tulle around her shoulders and a white bow in her hair, and it is such an exquisite success that the Duke has ordered two more similar in style, which are to cost \$1,000. A woman did the work at Blenheim.

Enrolled among the members of the Wadsworth Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Boston is one "real" daughter of the American revolution.

Mrs. Mary McLean Willys, living in East Olanston, Conn., at the age of 92 years, her father, James McLean, was a member of the Putnam Guards, fought at Bunker Hill and was twice a prisoner.

# FIZZ.

Landlord: I just dropped in to inform you that I am going to raise the rent. Tenant: You are very kind. I was wondering how I could raise it myself.—Philadelphia North American.

As He Understood It—Sunday-school teacher: What is the leading doctrine of Christianity? The hundermynd: Kid thlow stone-amashas glass—no catcatcher—fourgum.—Puck.

An Inquiry—New arrival: I'm a reporter for the Daily Sensation. Mephistopheles (at home): Intend to stay, or have you merely come to write us up for Sunday's paper?—Brooklyn Life.

"What was that noise I heard before Mr. Stedley went?" "I don't know, mamma, unless it was the question." "What do you mean? What has a question to do with noise?" "He popped it"—Brooklyn Life.

The Missionary: "My boy, do you know what will become of you if you drink that pitcher of damnable liquid?" The Boy (rushing the growler): "You bet I do! Pop would 'wale do life outen me, 'cause dis was de last nickel he had!"—Puck.

# PUBLIC CHARACTERS.

Those beaten at the convention should manfully abide by the result and join hands to uphold their country and the law and will of the people, and not to bolt and destroy their party by upholding the money power, and the Wall Street and elsewhere, who speculate and control the gold, which should also circulate and be the common property of the people instead of silver alone.

The silver is good enough for the poor man, why isn't it good enough for the rich man? All the common people were to demand gold for their services, which they are entitled to. If foreign power were to demand gold, why wouldn't it? If foreign power wouldn't want it, why wouldn't our countrymen? They will recognize our silver as well as gold.

If the gold Democratic party, they are safe enough on the defeat for gold, for the gold of this country will not stick to the party any more.

A MAXVILLE DEMOCRAT.  
Maxville, Mo., Sept.

Two letters published below show that aid is being given the Republican goldbug machine by residents in Europe to elect McKinley:

From the New York Herald, Paris, France, edition, Aug. 24, 1896, published in Paris, France.  
HIGHEST MONEY CAMPAIGN FUND.  
To the Editor of the Herald:  
I see that you have published my letter of Aug. 11 in your edition of the 12th and that you do not dissent from my position to start an "Honest Money Campaign Fund," to be made up by subscription from Americans now in Europe. I, therefore, ask you to open your columns for the acknowledgment of donations, and to put me down for \$100. I enclose a draft on Rothschild at London, payable to order, and will send you a check on my bank at New York for the same if you will kindly return me the money.

BRETT STOKES.  
Homburg-v. d. H., Aug. 14, 1896.

# A LESSON IN "GOOD POLITICS."

To the Editor of the Herald:  
An article appeared in yesterday's Paris Herald requesting that a subscription be opened by the Herald in Paris for funds to assist the political campaign now going on in the United States against the silver party.

I am agreeing in sentiment with the gentleman who has so liberally put his name down for the "Good Politics" fund, but I am not a Republican. I am a Democrat, and I am not going to help the Republican party to win the Presidency.

Those who feel so disposed can easily send their money to the Republican National Committee, and their money will be put to use in the most good way.

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# FOREIGN HELP FOR MCKINLEY.

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# LESSON OF THE ELECTIONS.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.  
Four States have held their elections for Governor, Alabama, Arkansas, Vermont and Maine. The two former went overwhelmingly for Democracy and the two latter for the Tory party.

The Republicans are making a lot of noise over the result of the elections held in Vermont and Maine. They may as well get the result of the elections held in Alabama and Arkansas, and represent the true state of affairs in the South and West.

As we know what progress these States have made since their admission to the Union, Alabama was admitted in 1865, her population in 1870 was 1,100,000. In 1880 it was 1,500,000. Real estate mortgages in 1880 were \$14,000,000. In 1890 they were \$14,000,000. In 1895 they were \$14,000,000. In 1896 they were \$14,000,000.

Arkansas was admitted in 1836, her population in 1850 was 1,100,000. In 1860 it was 1,500,000. Real estate mortgages in 1860 were \$14,000,000. In 1870 they were \$14,000,000. In 1880 they were \$14,000,000. In 1890 they were \$14,000,000. In 1895 they were \$14,000,000. In 1896 they were \$14,000,000.

Maine was admitted in 1820, her population in 1830 was 1,100,000. In 1840 it was 1,500,000. Real estate mortgages in 1840 were \$14,000,000. In 1850 they were \$14,000,000. In 1860 they were \$14,000,000. In 1870 they were \$14,000,000. In 1880 they were \$14,000,000. In 1890 they were \$14,000,000. In 1895 they were \$14,000,000. In 1896 they were \$14,000,000.

Vermont was admitted in 1793, her population in 1800 was 1,100,000. In 1810 it was 1,500,000. Real estate mortgages in 1810 were \$14,000,000. In 1820 they were \$14,000,000. In 1830 they were \$14,000,000. In 1840 they were \$14,000,000. In 1850 they were \$14,000,000. In 1860 they were \$14,000,000. In 1870 they were \$14,000,000. In 1880 they were \$14,000,000. In 1890 they were \$14,000,000. In 1895 they were \$14,000,000. In 1896 they were \$14,000,000.

The figures of Vermont and Maine show that these States are in the clutches of the mortgage and the money power, and naturally are not to be expected to vote as requested by the holders of their mortgages or have their foreclosed.

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## EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.



## TO THE RESCUE

Of many an unfortunate individual cast upon the sea of adversity have

## P.-D. "WANTS"

Come. Never despair. Hope, wait and watch, and when you see your opportunity grasp it through

## P.-D. "WANTS"

Any Drug Store in St. Louis is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for the Post-Dispatch. The Post-Dispatch has Three Special Telephones exclusively for handling this business.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

20 words or less, 5c.

BARNER—Wanted, situation by first-class barber, strictly sober; can give ref. if required. Ad. N. 900, this office.

BOY—Wanted, situation by a bright colored boy of 15; work of any kind will be acceptable. Ad. N. 900, this office.

BOY—Of 17 would like to work in office; can furnish best of references. Apply at 2555 N. Grand.

BOY—Of 17 wishes work of any kind. Ad. E. 900, this office.

BUTLER—Colored boy of experience wants a situation as butler with some private family; can give references. Ad. 2220 Wash. st.

BOY—Colored boy wants situation of any kind; can give refs. if required. Geo. Wilson, 3204 Lucas av.

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BRICKLAYER—First-class bricklayer who has done business in city wants to work for a real estate man who has got brickwork to do; will work for half price by the day; investigate. Ad. E. 900, this office.

BLACKSMITH—All carriage blacksmith wants work; can give references. Ad. N. 900, this office.

BOY—Wanted, situation by a boy of 16, a graduate of a public school; experience in office; can give refs. if required. Ad. N. 900, this office.

BARTENDER—Wanted, situation by German man as bartender; can give city reference. Ad. L. 901, this office.

CARPENTER—Wants situation in store or factory; willing to make himself generally useful; city references. Ad. H. 904, this office.

CARPENTER—Good jobbing carpenter wants work by day or piece. Add. S. 900, this office.

CLERK—Wanted, situation as night or day clerk in rooming-house; small salary; city references. Ad. D. 908, this office.

CLERK—Wanted, clerical position by young man of good address; 3 years' experience in office; work for ability, integrity and honesty; can furnish best city reference. Ad. O. 900, this office.

COLLECTOR—A reliable man desires a position as collector for some good firm; can furnish collateral. Ad. W. 716, N. 20th st.

CARPENTER—Competent carpenter and cabinet-maker, capable of taking charge, desires permanent position; will work for moderate salary. Ad. N. 900, this office.

CARPENTER—25 years in trade, will give \$10 to any party securing him steady job. Ad. A. 905, this office.

DRUG CLERK—Wanted, situation by drug clerk, with college privilege; 7 years' experience; registered in Missouri. Add. S. H. Sub-Station 14.

ENGINEER—Situation wanted by licensed engineer and electrician; country preferred. Ad. L. 906, this office.

FIREMAN—Wanted, position as fireman or second engineer or assistant electrician. Ad. O. 906, this office.

GARDENER—First-class gardener wants situation. Inquire of A. Meyer, Florist, 3215 S. Jefferson av.

HOISTING ENGINEER—Experienced hoisting engineer wants position; understands steam and gas boilers; not afraid of work. Ad. L. 904, this office.

MAN—Middle-aged German wishes a place on a poultry farm. Ad. D. 900, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by sober married man as treasurer; handy with tools; ref. given. Ad. A. 901, this office.

MAN—A young man wants work of some kind; willing to do anything; strictly temperate and best of references. Ad. M. 902, this office.

MAN—An industrious young man of good habits desires a position in a grocery store or wholesale sale house. Ad. 716 N. 20th st.

MAN—Wanted, position by young second-hand confectioner. German. H. B. southeast corner 7th and Lafayette av.

MAN—Young man wants work to drive delivery wagon; experience. Ad. C. 903, this office.

MAN—Situation wanted by young man in railroad office; have had experience. Add. Box 122, Red Bud, Ill.

MAN—Wanted, situation in private family by young man; thoroughly understands the business; good references. Add. N. 904, this office.

MAN—A middle-aged man, sober and reliable, wants inside work of any kind and at any price; has done business in city; must have work. Ad. N. 900, this office.

MAN—Wanted, by an all-around colored man, permanent situation; first-class city references. Ad. J. Childs, 1561 Grand st.

MAN—Wants position to work in the country all year around. Ad. N. 900, this office.

MAN—Situation by white man, honest, sober, industrious, to attend horses, rigs, cows, garden, lawn, furnace, etc.; best city references. Ad. N. 900, this office.

PAINTER—Painter and paperhanger wants work by day or job; will work cheap. Ad. F. H. Chestnut, 1918 Whittier st.

PORTER—I want work at anything; porter or in billiard room; who will give me work. Ad. B. 904, this office.

PAINTER, GLAZIER AND PAPERHANGER—Wants work by job; will work cheap; good work guaranteed. Palmer, 1258 Franklin st.

RETOUCHER—Wanted, a position in some first-class photo studio; No. 1 retoucher and good all-around; 10 years' experience; good references. 3228 Chestnut av. Ad. K. 900, this office.

SALESMAN—Wanted, position by first-class retail clothing salesman. Ad. K. 900, this office.

SOLICITOR—Advertising solicitor, ex-scholarship, or good business experience; ready outside or office work. N. Walker, 1007 Pine st.

WATCHMAKER—Competent, second watchman and watchmaker with good family habits and reputation wants a situation. Ad. B. 901, this office.

FOUND MAN—Wants work; willing to do anything; must have no concealing; good references. Ad. M. 901, this office.

FOUND MAN—Wants situation around private place; white; understands the care of horses and cows; city reference. Ad. B. 902, this office.

FOUND MAN—Of 19 wants situation; quick at figures; good penman. Ad. A. 902, this office.

FOUND MAN—Wants situation of any kind; 20 years old; city ref. good city references. Ad. D. 900, this office.

FOUND MAN—Position wanted by young man of 20 with some knowledge of bookkeeping; short-hand and penmanship; \$3 per week expected. Ad. D. 900, this office.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

20 words or less, 5c.

YOUNG MAN—Wants a situation of any kind; understands the care of horses and cows. Ad. N. 904, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Young married man with best of references will pay any one \$10 who will secure him steady employment. Ad. F. 905, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Situation wanted by young man to care for horses and buggy and work around yard; can give best city reference. Ad. 3448 Hickory st.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, situation by German girl for housework. 1921 Franklin av.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, situation to do general work. 2124 Franklin av.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, situation by a good girl to do general housework; references. 2115 N. 9th.

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## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

20 words or less, 5c.

GIRL—2 German girls want situations; any kind of work. Miss Luckies, 705 Pine st., upstairs.

HOUSEKEEPER—I have been looking for work for a month and have been unsuccessful; I wish a position as housekeeper or dressmaker; thoroughly understand both; or will some kind person extend me a loan; I have 2 small children and am entirely without means. Please address Mrs. L. C. Stagg, General Delivery.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young widow lady, stranger, wishes position as housekeeper in private family or gentleman's home; thoroughly experienced and capable to take full charge; will give the best of references. Ad. G. 906, this office.

HOUSEWIFE—Wanted, situation as housewife or nurse. Ad. 1612 Biddle st.

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